

Remote Name Mapping Prototype for Linux NFSv4

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NFSv4 Administrative Domain

- NFSv4 domain = unique UID/GID space
- Multiple Security Realms
 - Kerberos, PKI Certificate Authorities (SPKM3)
- Multiple DNS - NIS domains
- Pick one DNS domain to be the NFSv4 Domain Name
<user@nfsv4domain>
 - ACL 'who' and GETTATTR owner and owner_group



Local NFSv4 Domain: Name to ID

- One to one correspondence between UID and NFSv4 domain name
 - joe@arbitrary.domain.org
- GSS Principal name could differ from NFSv4 domain name
 - Kerberos V: joe@ARBITRARY.DOMAIN.ORG
 - PKI: OU=US, OU=State, OU= Arbitrary Inc, CN = Joe User Email= joe@arbitrary.domain.org



Local Mount: Kerberos V

v4 Domain: arbitrary.domain.org
K5 Realm: TANGENT.REALM
DNS Domain: citi.umich.edu

GSSD

/etc/krb5.keytab

NFSv4 Client

LDAP

Secure LDAP Call FAILS

nfs/host.citi.umich.edu@TANGENT.REALM

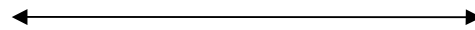
GSSD

If machine name, map to nobody

NFSv4 Server

gss context call succeeds

nfs/host.citi.umich.edu@TANGENT.REALM



gss context creation



Local Mount: Kerberos V Issues

- Distribution of client keytabs? Linux: yes
 - With no keytab:
 - Allow AUTH_SYS for SETCLIENTID and mount of Kerberos export
 - User Kerberos credentials for SETCLIENTID
- Linux Server: maps machine credentials to nobody (mount)
- Client root user: UID 0?
 - Map to machine principal (no password)
 - Map to per server root principal (with password)



Local Principal: Kerberos V

- New Linux kernel keyring service enables kernel (Kerberos) credential storage, and PAG-like behaviour
- NSS ID mapping
 - `getpwid` on principal portion assumes UNIX name (`posixAccount uid`) == K5 principal
- UMICH LDAP ID mapping
 - GSSAuthName attribute added to LDAP `posixAccount` to associate with `uidNumber`
- Server GSSD principal mapping failure = context creation failure



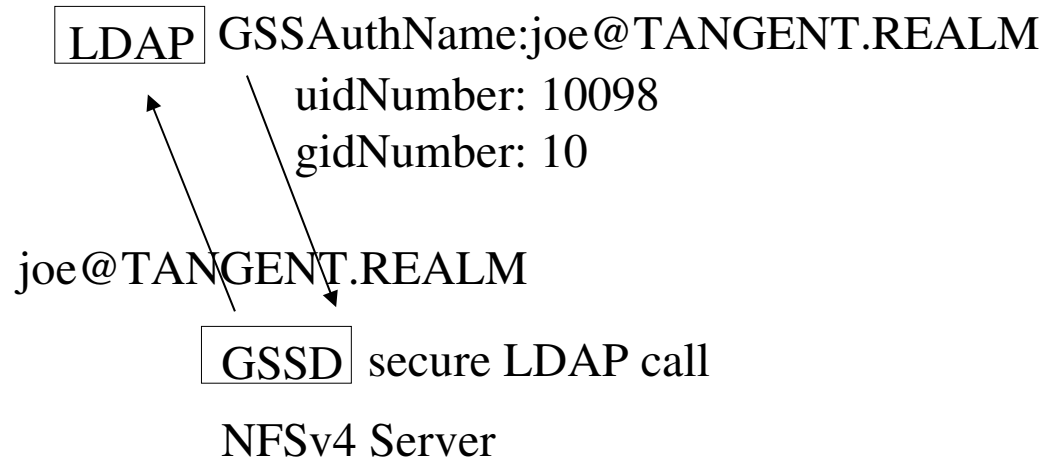
Local Principal: Kerberos V

v4 Domain: arbitrary.domain.org
K5 Realm: TANGENT.REALM
DNS Domain: citi.umich.edu

```
% kinit joe@TANGENT.REALM
```

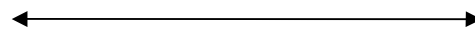
```
GSSD  
/tmp/krb5cc_UID
```

NFSv4 Client



gss context creation succeeds

joe@TANGENT.REALM



gss context creation



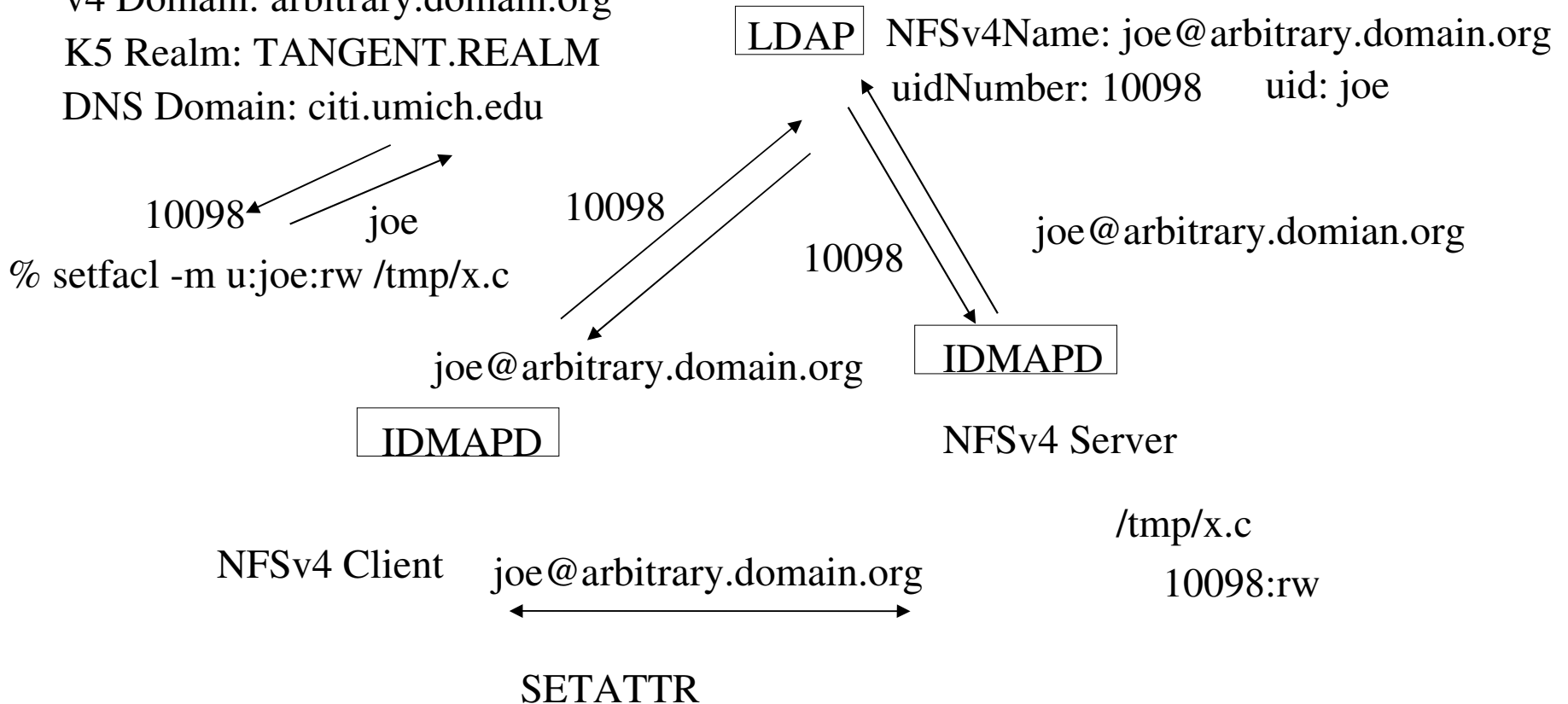
Local User: Set ACL issues

- setfacl POSIX interface uses UID/GID across kernel boundary
 - two name mapping calls
 - local posixAccount name (no @nfsv4domain)
 - NFSv4Name attribute added to LDAP posixAccount to associate full nfsv4 name with uidNumber
- Linux nfs4_setfacl interface passes string names across kernel boundary
 - no local name needed



Local User: Set ACL

v4 Domain: arbitrary.domain.org
K5 Realm: TANGENT.REALM
DNS Domain: citi.umich.edu



Local User: Get ACL issues

- getfacl POSIX interface uses UID/GID across kernel boundary
 - LDAP posixAccount: local name is displayed
 - two name mapping calls
- LINUX nfs4_getfacl interface passes string names across kernel boundary



Local User: Get ACL

v4 Domain: arbitrary.domain.org
K5 Realm: TANGENT.REALM
DNS Domain: citi.umich.edu

LDAP NFSv4Name: joe@arbitrary.domain.org
uidNumber: 10098 uid: joe

joe ← 10098

% getfacl /tmp/x.c

10098

joe@arbitrary.domain.org

IDMAPD

10098

joe@arbitrary.domain.org

IDMAPD

NFSv4 Server

NFSv4 Client

joe@arbitrary.domain.org

/tmp/x.c

10098:rw

GETATTR



Kerberos V X-Realm and Linux NFSv4

- X-realm GSS context initialization just works
- GSSAuthName and NFSv4Name can hold remote user names.
- Need to add posixAccount with GSSAuthName for UID/GID mapping of remote user
- Set posixAccount shell attribute to /dev/null to grant NFSv4 remote access without local machine access



Remote Kerberos V Principal

v4 Domain: citi.umich.edu
K5 Realm: CITI.UMICH.EDU
DNS Domain: citi.umich.edu

v4 Domain: arbitrary.domain.org
K5 Realm: TANGENT.REALM
DNS Domain: citi.umich.edu

```
% kinit andros@CITI.UMICH.EDU
```

```
GSSD  
/tmp/krb5cc_UID  
NFSv4 Client
```

```
LDAP GSSAuthName:andros@CITI.UMICH.EDU
```

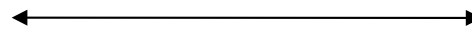
```
uidNumber: 10075  
gidNumber: 10
```

```
andros@CITI.UMICH.EDU
```

```
GSSD secure LDAP call  
NFSv4 Server
```

```
andros@CITI.UMICH.EDU
```

gss context creation succeeds



gss context creation



Remote User: Set ACL

- Remote realm: associate NFSv4Name with uidNumber, gidNumber, and GSSAuthName
 - NFSv4domain name always used
- Secure LDAP communication required



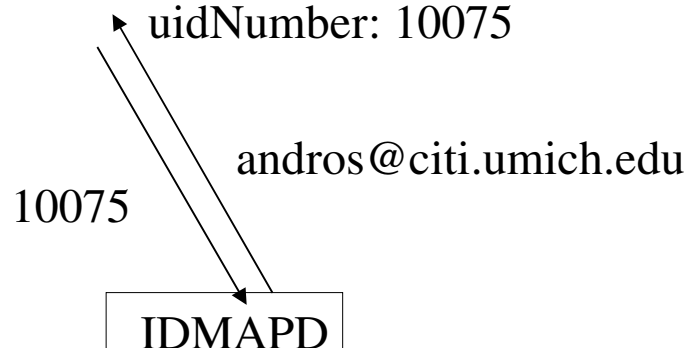
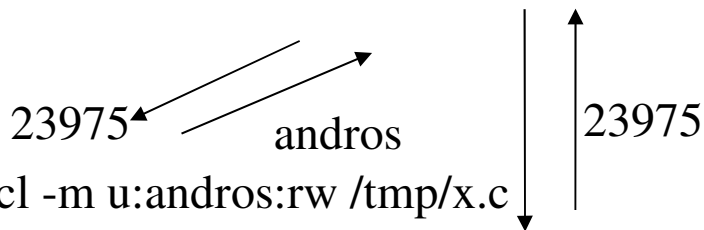
Remote User: Set ACL

v4 Domain: citi.umich.edu
K5 Realm: CITI.UMICH.EDU
DNS Domain: citi.umich.edu

v4 Domain: arbitrary.domain.org
K5 Realm: TANGENT.REALM
DNS Domain: citi.umich.edu

LDAP NFSv4Name: andros@citi.umich.edu
uidNumber: 23975 uid: andros

LDAP NFSv4Name: andros@citi.umich.edu
uidNumber: 10075



andros@citi.umich.edu

IDMAPD

NFSv4 Server

NFSv4 Client

andros@citi.umich.edu

/tmp/x.c

10075:rw

SETATTR



Remote User: Get ACL

- Client LDAP name mappings required only for POSIX getfacl
 - NFSv4Name and uidNumber for remote user
 - local user name for remote user
- nfsv4_getfacl displays the off-the-wire ACL name
- Server LDAP NFSv4Name mapping required
- Secure LDAP not required



Remote User: Get ACL

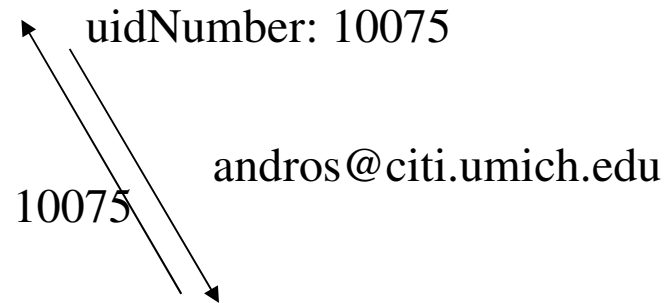
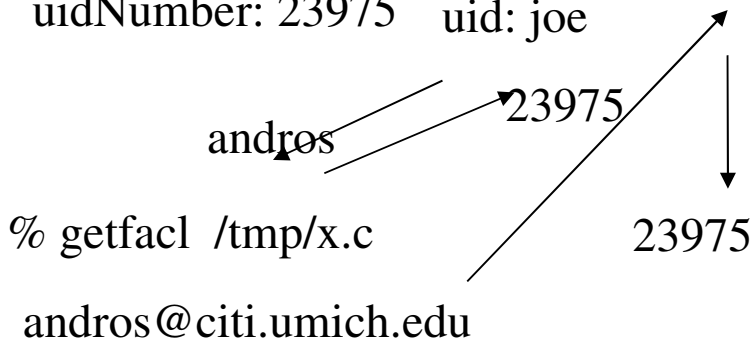
v4 Domain: citi.umich.edu
K5 Realm: CITI.UMICH.EDU
DNS Domain: citi.umich.edu

v4 Domain: arbitrary.domain.org
K5 Realm: TANGENT.REALM
DNS Domain: citi.umich.edu

LDAP

NFSv4Name: andros@citi.umich.edu
uidNumber: 23975 uid: joe

LDAP NFSv4Name: andros@citi.umich.edu
uidNumber: 10075



IDMAPD

IDMAPD

NFSv4 Server

NFSv4 Client

andros@citi.umich.edu

/tmp/x.c

10075:rw

GETATTR



Any Questions?

<http://www.citi.umich.edu/>

